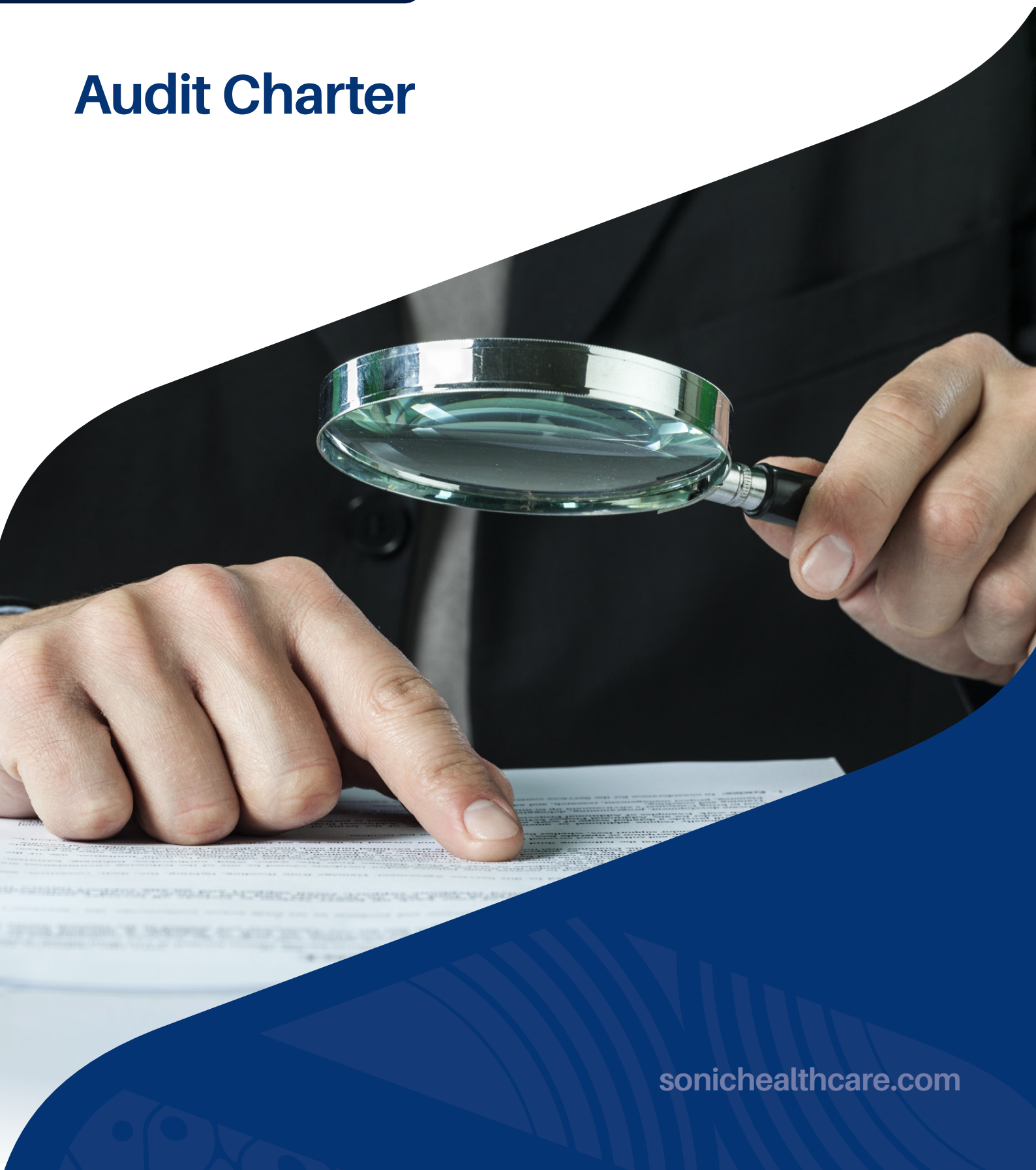


Information for stakeholders

Audit Charter



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Constitution

The Sonic Healthcare Board of Directors has adopted the following terms of reference for the Sonic Healthcare Limited Audit Committee.

Overall purpose

The principal role of the Audit Committee is to provide the Board, investors, owners and stakeholders with confidence that the financial reports for the Company represent a true and fair view of the Company's financial condition and operational results in all material respects, and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards.

The Audit Committee will:

- assist the Board in its oversight responsibilities by monitoring and advising on:
 - the integrity of the financial statements of the Company
 - the Company's accounting policies and practices in accordance with accounting standards
 - the external auditors' independence and performance
 - compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and policies, including in regard to taxation
 - compliance with the financial and reporting policy framework in place from time to time
 - internal controls, and the overall efficiency and effectiveness of financial operations
- provide a forum for communication between the Board, executive leadership and external auditors
- provide a conduit to the Board for external advice on audit and financial internal controls.

Authority and resources

The Board authorises the Audit Committee, within the scope of its responsibilities, to:

- perform activities within its terms of reference
- engage independent counsel and other advisors (including independent auditors, company tax and other financial advisors), as it deems necessary to carry out its duties, at the Company's expense
- require the attendance of Company officers at meetings, as appropriate
- have unrestricted access to members of management, employees and information it considers relevant
- establish and oversee procedures for dealing with concerns of employees regarding questionable accounting, internal control or auditing matters
- establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters
- make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of the external auditor
- oversee the work and assess the performance and remuneration of the external auditors.

Organisation

Membership

- The Board of Directors will nominate the Audit Committee members and the Chairperson of the Committee.
- The Chairperson of the Audit Committee is to be an independent, non-executive Director who is not Chairperson of the Board of Directors. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee will qualify as having 'financial expertise', i.e. a financial professional with a strong background in financial management.
- The Audit Committee will be comprised of least three members and have no more than six members.
- All members shall be independent, non-executive Directors.
- Each member should be capable of making a valuable contribution to the Committee and have skills and experience appropriate to the Company's business.
- Each member shall:
 - be financially literate
 - have reasonable knowledge of the Company's own risks and controls
 - have relevant industry knowledge.
 - Members of an Audit Committee who do not have the requisite level of financial literacy and/or industry knowledge at the time of their appointment must undertake induction training and additional training within six months of membership, to raise their competency to the level described above.

- The secretary of the Audit Committee will be the Company Secretary, or such other person as nominated by the Board.
- A quorum of any meeting will be a majority of the Committee at the date of the meeting. A duly convened meeting of the Committee at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions vested in, or exercisable by, the Committee.
- Members will be given the opportunity to attend technical or professional development courses to assist them in keeping up to date with legislative, accounting and other relevant issues.
- Independence, as referred to above, is defined per the independence definition included in the ASX Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations.

Meetings

- All Sonic Healthcare Directors are entitled to attend meetings. The Audit Committee may invite such other persons (e.g. the Managing Director, Finance Director, Deputy CFO, legal counsel and/or external audit engagement partner) to its meetings, as it deems necessary.
- The external auditors should be invited to make presentations to the Audit Committee, as appropriate.
- Meetings shall be held no less than half yearly on pre-arranged dates and should be scheduled to correspond with the Company's financial reporting cycle.
- Special meetings may be convened by any member of the Committee, as required. The external auditors may convene a meeting on request.
- The notice of each meeting, the agenda and supporting documentation should be delivered to the Audit Committee members at least three working days in advance of each meeting.
- Members of the Audit Committee should use their best endeavours to attend every meeting of the Committee.
- The Committee is to meet with the external auditor in the absence of management on at least an annual basis.

Minutes

- The draft minutes of each Audit Committee meeting are to be approved by the Chairperson and circulated to all Committee members as soon as practicable but no later than the distribution date for papers for the next Audit Committee meeting at which the minutes of the meetings are to be confirmed.
- A copy of the draft Audit Committee minutes, once they have been approved by the Chairperson, will be included in the papers for the next Board meeting.
- Minutes are not a verbatim recording of the meeting but accurately record the resolutions of the Committee, key reasons for those decisions (where appropriate) and actions arising.
- Minuted actions will include accountabilities, performance expectations and the nature and timing of subsequent reporting.

Roles and responsibilities

Financial risk management

- Review the current areas of greatest financial risk and how these are being managed in the business.
- Review significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements.
- Review management's policies and procedures for meeting the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.
- Oversee the periodic financial reporting process implemented by management and review the interim financial statements and annual financial statements to determine whether they are complete, reflect appropriate accounting principles, contain appropriate disclosure, and are consistent with the information known to Committee members. In discharging this responsibility the Audit Committee is to:
 - ensure accounting policies are consistently applied and any new accounting standards requirements, related to the Company, are appropriately reflected
 - pay particular attention to complex and/or unusual transactions, such as business combinations, restructuring charges, and measurement and recognition of financial instruments
 - focus on judgmental areas of the financial statements, for example those involving revenue recognition, valuation of assets and liabilities, warranty, product or environmental liabilities, and other commitments and contingencies
 - meet with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and results of the audit
 - ensure that any significant adjustments, unadjusted differences, disagreements with management and critical accounting policies and practices have been discussed with the external auditor.
- Discuss with management significant movements in the financial statements between periods and against budget and ensure that explanations are consistent with the Audit Committee's understanding of the business.
- Review the other sections of the Annual Report before its release and consider whether the information is understandable and consistent with members' knowledge about the Company and its operations.
- Review, approve and monitor the propriety of all related-party transactions. Related parties are defined as 'Designated Officers' under Sonic's Securities Trading Policy.

- Ensure the Company's financial risk management processes are being adhered to and that the appropriate treatments and controls are being maintained to manage these risks.
- Monitor performance of management in implementing risk management responses and internal control rectification activities and ensure appropriate systems for identifying and monitoring risks are in place and that these are operating as intended.
- Liaise with the Company's Risk Management Committee to ensure all significant areas of risk have been identified and are being managed to the satisfaction of both Committees.

Internal control

- Ensure any internal control recommendations made by the external auditors and approved by the Committee have been implemented by management.
- Understand and be comfortable with the information system and processes used in developing financial statements.
- Oversee the Company's internal audit function, being the Business Assurance Program (BAP) including:
 - reviewing BAP's assessment of risks
 - having input into, and approval of, the annual BAP plan
 - ensuring significant findings and recommendations made by BAP are discussed and addressed on a timely basis. BAP reports are to be tabled at Committee meetings and the Head of BAP shall present to the Committee on a regular basis
 - ensuring management responds promptly to recommendations made by BAP.
- The Head of BAP is to have a clear reporting line to the Chair of the Audit Committee.
- Evaluate the process the Company has in place for assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of, and continuously improving, internal controls, particularly those related to areas of significant risk.
- Assess whether management has appropriate controls in place for unusual types of transactions and/or particular transactions that may carry more than an acceptable degree of risk.

Compliance with laws and regulations

Corporate laws and regulations are defined for these purposes as the Australian Securities Exchange Listing Rules, the Australian Corporations Law and its equivalent legislation in other jurisdictions in which the Company operates, Australian Accounting Standards and taxation law in all jurisdictions in which the Company operates.

- Review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with relevant laws and regulations and the results of management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any fraudulent acts or non-compliance.
- Obtain regular updates from management and/or the Company's legal counsel regarding corporate compliance matters that may have a material impact on the Company's reputation or financial statements.
- Make appropriate enquiries to satisfy the Committee that all corporate regulatory compliance matters, related to the business of the Company, have been considered in the preparation of the financial statements.
- Review the findings and recommendations of any examinations by regulatory agencies.
- Oversee the management of tax governance and risk, in accordance with the Board approved Tax Policy.

External audit

- Review the external auditors' proposed audit scope and audit approach for the current year in the light of the Company's circumstances and changes in regulatory and other requirements.
- Regularly review, with the external auditor, any audit problems or difficulties the auditor encountered in the normal course of audit work, including any restriction on audit scope or access to information.
- Ensure significant findings and recommendations made by the external auditors are received and discussed on a timely basis.
- Ensure management responds promptly to recommendations made by the external auditors.
- Discuss with the external auditor the quality of accounting policies applied in the Company's financial reporting.
- Meet separately with the external auditors to discuss any matters that the Committee or auditors believe should be discussed privately.
- Advise the Board on the appointment, independence, terms of engagement, performance and, if necessary, the termination/retirement of the external auditor.
- Review all representation letters signed by management.

Other

- Oversee the information received and the action taken by the Company in relation to matters affecting the Company's audit, financial statements or internal controls and any instances of possible fraud, bribery or corruption raised by an internal whistleblower or in relation to a complaint made by a third party.
- Ensure the Company has a process in place to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, and that the process is publicly disclosed.
- Require management and the Business Assurance function to report to the Committee any material breaches of the Company's Core Values or Code of Conduct, material incidents under the Company's whistleblower policy, and material breaches of the Company's anti-bribery and corruption policy.

Reporting responsibilities

The Audit Committee will:

- regularly update the Board about matters relevant to the Committee's role and responsibilities and make appropriate recommendations
- ensure the Board is aware of matters that may significantly impact the financial condition or affairs of the business.

Evaluating performance

The Audit Committee will:

- evaluate its performance on an annual basis. This will include an assessment of the extent to which the Committee has discharged its responsibilities as set out in this Charter. The results of this evaluation will be reported to the Board.
- obtain feedback from the Board of Directors on the effectiveness of the Committee.

Review of the Committee Charter

The Audit Committee will review the Audit Committee Charter annually, discuss any required changes with the Board and ensure that the Charter is approved or reapproved by the Board.